#### The Hatch Act

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Reducing Risk. Unleashing Opportunity.





# What Is the Hatch Act?



#### Why?

- Ensures that programs are administered in a nonpartisan fashion
- Protects employees from political coercion
- Ensures that employee advancement is based on merit and not political affiliation





# What is political activity?

Political Activity is any activity directed toward the success or failure of a partisan candidate, political party, or partisan political group.





## What May All Employees Do?

- Register and vote as they choose
- Contribute money to political parties, campaigns, or groups
- Attend political rallies, meetings, or fundraisers
- Be members of political clubs or parties
- Sign nominating petitions
- Be candidates for public office in nonpartisan elections
- Campaign for or against referendum questions, constitutional amendments, or municipal ordinances
- Follow, like, or comment on the social media pages of a candidate for partisan office, political party, or partisan group
- Display yard sign or bumper sticker on personal vehicle





#### Also:

- Circulate nominating petitions > Organize party events
- Distribute campaign literature
- Organize campaign events
- Speak on behalf of a candidate
- Hold party office
- Serve as delegate to a party convention

- Work as campaign volunteers > Serve on a party committee





#### What Does the Hatch Act Prohibit?



- > Employees may NOT:
- 1. Use their official authority or influence to affect the outcome of an election
- 2. Solicit, accept, or receive a political contribution
- 3. Be candidates in partisan elections
- 4. Solicit or discourage the political activity of a person with business before their employing office

  5 U.S.C. § 7323(a)





#### What Does the Hatch Act Prohibit?

#### **Workplace Prohibition**

- 5. Employees may NOT engage in political activity while:
- -on duty
- -in the federal workplace
- -wearing a government uniform or badge
- -operating a government vehicle





# What is not political activity?

- Discussing legislation, ballot initiatives, and issues (e.g., Affordable Care Act, gun control, abortion, immigration, hiring freeze, etc.)
- Attending an issue march or rally
   (e.g., March for Life, Women's March, March for Science, etc.)
- > KEY: Activity must not tie back to a political party, candidate for partisan office or partisan political group



- Permitted or Prohibited?
- May you use these mugs while at work?









#### On Duty/In the Workplace Prohibition

#### Employees may not engage in political activity while

- On duty
  - including when teleworking or on official union time
- In a government room or building including break rooms, conference rooms, gyms, cafeterias, and union offices
- Wearing an official uniform or insignia
- Using a government vehicle

Political Activity is any activity directed toward the success or failure of a partisan candidate, political party, or partisan political group. 5 U.S.C





# On Duty/In the Workplace Prohibition



- Wearing buttons, t-shirts, hats, etc.
- Displaying screen savers, posters, candidate photographs, etc.
- Making online donations



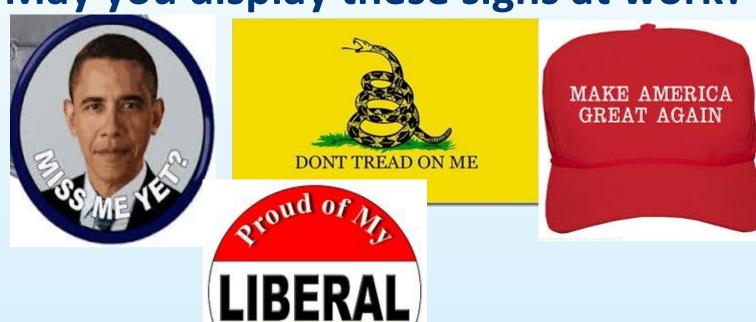
11

- Permitted or Prohibited?
- May you display these logos in your office?





- Permitted or Prohibited?
- May you display these signs at work?





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- Permitted or Prohibited?
- May you display these signs at work?









- Permitted or Prohibited?
- May you display the se signs at work?













- **Examples**
- Emailing, blogging, tweeting, posting to social media, etc.
  - Even if using a personal device or email account
  - Even if sharing or forwarding content authored by others
  - Even if sharing or forwarding to friends or like-minded coworkers
  - Even union email if it meets the definition of political activity





May you share these posts while on duty?



Executive Order for Strengthening the Cybersecurity of Federal Networks and Critical Infrastructure.



- Permitted or Prohibited?
- May you retweet these posts while on duty?







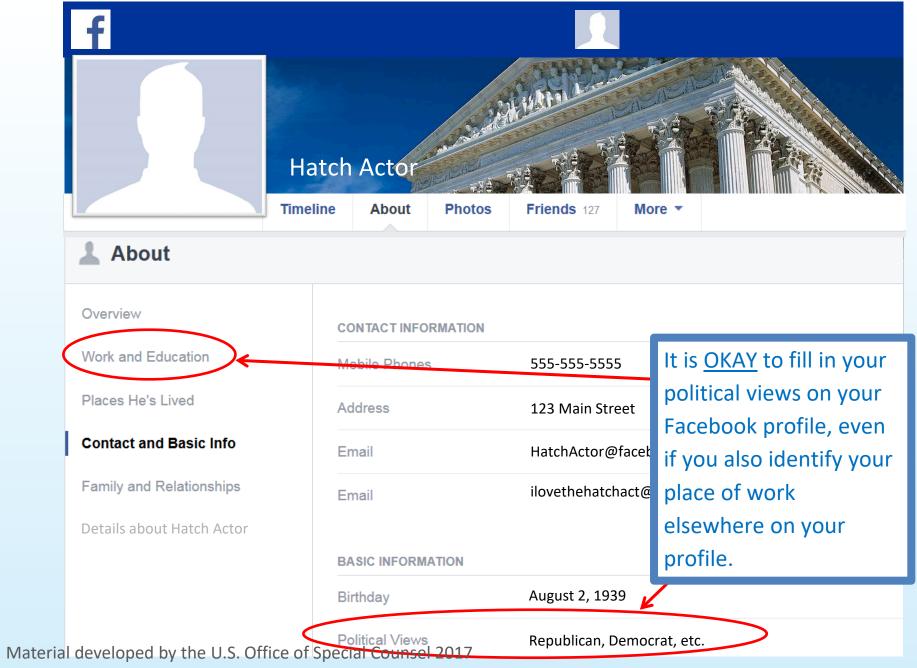
#### 24/7 Prohibitions

#### Use of Official Authority

Employees may not use their official authority or influence to affect the outcome of an election

- <u>Examples</u>:
- Involving subordinates
- Using one's official title or position
- Using agency resources, e.g., an official social media account
- Using non-public agency information for political purposes









#### **Fundraising**

Employees may not solicit, accept, or receive political contributions at any time <a href="Examples">Examples</a>:

- Asking for donations, e.g., by mail, email, or social media
- Working a phone bank (if asking for contributions)
- Hosting a fundraiser
- Inviting others to a fundraiser
- Sharing or liking fundraising posts on social media







NO. Because you have distributed and shared the fundraising post with your Facebook friends through News Feed.

5 U.S.C. § 7323(a)(2); 5 C.F.R. § 734.303



Share

Like







NO. Because you have distributed and shared the fundraising post with your followers.

5 U.S.C. § 7323(a)(2); 5 C.F.R. § 734.303





#### **Fundraising Exception**

Employees may solicit, accept, or receive a political contribution ONLY if:

- Person solicited belongs to the <u>same</u> federal labor organization or federal employee organization
- Person solicited is <u>NOT</u> a subordinate
- Request is for a contribution to the federal labor organization or federal employee <u>organizations</u>' <u>multicandidate political committee</u>
- Off duty and outside the workplace





#### Social Media Guidance for All Employees



#### May Not:

- Tweet, Retweet, Share, or Like a post or content that solicits political contributions
- Engage in political activity via social media while on duty or in the workplace (e.g., share, like, or retweet a post from a candidate or partisan group; or post/tweet a comment directed at the success or failure of a candidate or partisan group)
- Like, or Follow the social media page of a candidate or partisan group while on duty or in the workplace
- Use a social media account in your official capacity to engage in political activity
  - <u>But</u> including your official title or position on the profile of your personal social media page is okay





#### Candidacy

Employees may not be candidates for public office in partisan elections

#### When Does Candidacy Start?

- Collecting signatures for nominating petitions
- Fundraising
- Announcing candidacy to the press or public
- Assembling a campaign committee
- Filing nominating petitions



# 24/7 Prohibitions

# Candidacy

# Employees are permitted to be

5 U.S.C. § 7323(a)(3); 5 C.F.R. § 734.304



#### 24/7 Prohibitions

#### **Business Before Employing Office**

Employees may not knowingly solicit or discourage the political activity of anyone with business pending before their employing office.

#### **Business defined**

- ongoing audit, investigation, or enforcement action
- application for a grant, contract, license, permit, ruling, compensation or certificate





#### The Merit Systems Protection Board may order:

- Removal
- Reduction in grade
- Debarment from federal employment for a period up to five years
- Suspension
- Reprimand
- > Civil penalty up to \$1,000



#### Office of Ethics

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**Need Help?** 

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